
striatum Documentation

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1	API Reference	3
1.1	striatum.bandit package	3
1.2	striatum.storage package	19
2	Gallery of Examples	23
2.1	General examples	23
	Bibliography	29
	Python Module Index	31

Contents:

API Reference

1.1 striatum.bandit package

1.1.1 Submodules

1.1.2 striatum.bandit.exp3 module

Exp3: Exponential-weight algorithm for Exploration and Exploitation This module contains a class that implements EXP3, a bandit algorithm that randomly choose an action according to a learned probability distribution.

class `striatum.bandit.exp3.Exp3` (*history_storage*, *model_storage*, *action_storage*, *recommendation_cls=None*, *gamma=0.3*, *random_state=None*)

Bases: `striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit`

Exp3 algorithm.

Parameters **history_storage** : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

gamma: float, $0 < \text{gamma} \leq 1$

The parameter used to control the minimum chosen probability for each action.

random_state: {int, np.random.RandomState} (default: None)

If int, np.random.RandomState will used it as seed. If None, a random seed will be used.

References

[R1]

Attributes

`history_storage`

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action([context, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

add_action (*actions*)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters `actions` : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (*context=None, n_actions=None*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters `context` : {array-like, None}

The context of current state, None if no context available.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns `history_id` : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_action (*action_id*)

Remove action by id.

Parameters `action_id` : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id, rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters `history_id` : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

1.1.3 striatum.bandit.exp4p module

EXP4.P: An extension to exponential-weight algorithm for exploration and exploitation. This module contains a class that implements EXP4.P, a contextual bandit algorithm with expert advice.

class `striatum.bandit.exp4p.Exp4P` (*actions, historystorage, modelstorage, delta=0.1, p_min=None, max_rounds=10000*)

Bases: `striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit`

Exp4.P with pre-trained supervised learning algorithm.

Parameters **actions** : list of Action objects

List of actions to be chosen from.

historystorage: a HistoryStorage object

The place where we store the histories of contexts and rewards.

modelstorage: a ModelStorage object

The place where we store the model parameters.

delta: float, $0 < \text{delta} \leq 1$

With probability $1 - \text{delta}$, LinThompSamp satisfies the theoretical regret bound.

p_min: float, $0 < \text{p_min} < 1/k$

The minimum probability to choose each action.

References

[R2]

Attributes

`history_storage`

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action([context, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

get_action (*context=None, n_actions=1*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters **context** : dictionary

Contexts {expert_id: {action_id: expert_prediction}} of different actions.

n_actions: int

Number of actions wanted to recommend users.

Returns history_id : int

The history id of the action.

action_recommendation : list of dictionaries

In each dictionary, it will contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

reward (*history_id, rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters history_id : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

1.1.4 striatum.bandit.linthomsamp module

Thompson Sampling with Linear Payoff In This module contains a class that implements Thompson Sampling with Linear Payoff. Thompson Sampling with linear payoff is a contextual multi-armed bandit algorithm which assume the underlying relationship between rewards and contexts is linear. The sampling method is used to balance the exploration and exploitation. Please check the reference for more details.

class striatum.bandit.linthomsamp.**LinThompSamp** (*history_storage, model_storage, action_storage, recommendation_cls=None, context_dimension=128, delta=0.5, R=0.01, epsilon=0.5, random_state=None*)

Bases: striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit

Thompson sampling with linear payoff.

Parameters history_storage : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

delta: float, 0 < delta < 1

With probability 1 - delta, LinThompSamp satisfies the theoretical regret bound.

R: float, R >= 0

Assume that the residual $ri(t) - bi(t)^T \hat{\mu}$ is R-sub-gaussian. In this case, R^2 represents the variance for residuals of the linear model $bi(t)^T$.

epsilon: float, $0 < \text{epsilon} < 1$

A parameter used by the Thompson Sampling algorithm. If the total trials T is known, we can choose $\text{epsilon} = 1/\ln(T)$.

random_state: {int, np.random.RandomState} (default: None)

If int, np.random.RandomState will use it as seed. If None, a random seed will be used.

References

[R3]

Attributes

history_storage

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action(context[, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

add_action (*actions*)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters *actions* : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (*context*, *n_actions=None*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters *context* : dictionary

Contexts {action_id: context} of different actions.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns *history_id* : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_action (*action_id*)

Remove action by id.

Parameters **action_id** : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id*, *rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

1.1.5 striatum.bandit.linucb module

LinUCB with Disjoint Linear Models

This module contains a class that implements LinUCB with disjoint linear model, a contextual bandit algorithm assuming the reward function is a linear function of the context.

class `striatum.bandit.linucb.LinUCB` (*history_storage*, *model_storage*, *action_storage*, *recommendation_cls=None*, *context_dimension=128*, *alpha=0.5*)

Bases: `striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit`

LinUCB with Disjoint Linear Models

Parameters **history_storage** : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

context_dimension: int

The dimension of the context.

alpha: float

The constant determines the width of the upper confidence bound.

References

[R4]

Attributes

history_storage

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action(context[, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

add_action (*actions*)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters **actions** : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (*context, n_actions=None*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters **context** : dict

Contexts {action_id: context} of different actions.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns **history_id** : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_action (*action_id*)

Remove action by id.

Parameters **action_id** : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id, rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

1.1.6 striatum.bandit.ucb1 module

Upper Confidence Bound 1 This module contains a class that implements UCB1 algorithm, a famous multi-armed bandit algorithm without context.

class `striatum.bandit.ucb1.UCB1` (*history_storage*, *model_storage*, *action_storage*, *recommendation_cls=None*)

Bases: `striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit`

Upper Confidence Bound 1

Parameters **history_storage** : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

References

[R5]

Attributes

`history_storage`

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action([context, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

add_action (*actions*)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters **actions** : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (*context=None*, *n_actions=None*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters `context` : {array-like, None}

The context of current state, None if no context available.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns `history_id` : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_action (`action_id`)

Remove action by id.

Parameters `action_id` : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (`history_id`, `rewards`)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters `history_id` : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

1.1.7 Module contents

Bandit algorithm classes

class `striatum.bandit.Exp3` (`history_storage`, `model_storage`, `action_storage`, `recommendation_cls=None`, `gamma=0.3`, `random_state=None`)

Bases: `striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit`

Exp3 algorithm.

Parameters `history_storage` : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

gamma: float, $0 < \text{gamma} \leq 1$

The parameter used to control the minimum chosen probability for each action.

random_state: {int, np.random.RandomState} (default: None)

If int, np.random.RandomState will used it as seed. If None, a random seed will be used.

References

[R6]

Attributes

history_storage

Methods

<u>add_action</u> (actions)	Add new actions (if needed).
<u>calculate_avg_reward</u> ()	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<u>calculate_cum_reward</u> ()	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<u>get_action</u> ([context, n_actions])	Return the action to perform
<u>plot_avg_regret</u> ()	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<u>plot_avg_reward</u> ()	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<u>remove_action</u> (action_id)	Remove action by id.
<u>reward</u> (history_id, rewards)	Reward the previous action with reward.
<u>update_action</u> (action)	Update action.

add_action (actions)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters actions : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (context=None, n_actions=None)

Return the action to perform

Parameters context : {array-like, None}

The context of current state, None if no context available.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns history_id : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_id (action_id)

Remove action by id.

Parameters action_id : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id*, *rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

class striatum.bandit.**Exp4P** (*actions*, *historystorage*, *modelstorage*, *delta*=0.1, *p_min*=None, *max_rounds*=10000)

Bases: striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit

Exp4.P with pre-trained supervised learning algorithm.

Parameters **actions** : list of Action objects

List of actions to be chosen from.

historystorage: a HistoryStorage object

The place where we store the histories of contexts and rewards.

modelstorage: a ModelStorage object

The place where we store the model parameters.

delta: float, $0 < \text{delta} \leq 1$

With probability $1 - \text{delta}$, LinThompSamp satisfies the theoretical regret bound.

p_min: float, $0 < \text{p_min} < 1/k$

The minimum probability to choose each action.

References

[R7]

Attributes

history_storage

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action([context, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

get_action (*context=None, n_actions=1*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters **context** : dictionary

Contexts {expert_id: {action_id: expert_prediction}} of different actions.

n_actions: int

Number of actions wanted to recommend users.

Returns **history_id** : int

The history id of the action.

action_recommendation : list of dictionaries

In each dictionary, it will contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

reward (*history_id, rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

class striatum.bandit.**LinThompSamp** (*history_storage, model_storage, action_storage, recommendation_cls=None, context_dimension=128, delta=0.5, R=0.01, epsilon=0.5, random_state=None*)

Bases: striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit

Thompson sampling with linear payoff.

Parameters **history_storage** : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

delta: float, $0 < \text{delta} < 1$

With probability $1 - \text{delta}$, LinThompSamp satisfies the theoretical regret bound.

R: float, $R \geq 0$

Assume that the residual $ri(t) - bi(t)^T \hat{\mu}$ is R-sub-gaussian. In this case, R^2 represents the variance for residuals of the linear model $bi(t)^T$.

epsilon: float, $0 < \text{epsilon} < 1$

A parameter used by the Thompson Sampling algorithm. If the total trials T is known, we can choose $\text{epsilon} = 1/\ln(T)$.

random_state: {int, np.random.RandomState} (default: None)

If int, `np.random.RandomState` will use it as seed. If None, a random seed will be used.

References

[R8]

Attributes

`history_storage`

Methods

<code>add_action(actions)</code>	Add new actions (if needed).
<code>calculate_avg_reward()</code>	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<code>calculate_cum_reward()</code>	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<code>get_action(context[, n_actions])</code>	Return the action to perform
<code>plot_avg_regret()</code>	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<code>plot_avg_reward()</code>	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

`add_action(actions)`

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters `actions` : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

`get_action(context, n_actions=None)`

Return the action to perform

Parameters `context` : dictionary

Contexts {`action_id`: context} of different actions.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns `history_id` : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, `estimated_reward`, `uncertainty`}.

`remove_action(action_id)`

Remove action by id.

Parameters `action_id` : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id, rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

class striatum.bandit.**LinUCB** (*history_storage, model_storage, action_storage, recommendation_cls=None, context_dimension=128, alpha=0.5*)

Bases: striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit

LinUCB with Disjoint Linear Models

Parameters **history_storage** : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

context_dimension: int

The dimension of the context.

alpha: float

The constant determines the width of the upper confidence bound.

References

[R9]

Attributes

history_storage

Methods

<i>add_action</i> (actions)	Add new actions (if needed).
<i>calculate_avg_reward</i> ()	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<i>calculate_cum_reward</i> ()	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<i>get_action</i> (context[, n_actions])	Return the action to perform
<i>plot_avg_regret</i> ()	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<i>plot_avg_reward</i> ()	Plot average reward with respect to time.

Continued on next page

Table 1.18 – continued from previous page

<code>remove_action(action_id)</code>	Remove action by id.
<code>reward(history_id, rewards)</code>	Reward the previous action with reward.
<code>update_action(action)</code>	Update action.

add_action (*actions*)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters *actions* : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (*context*, *n_actions=None*)

Return the action to perform

Parameters *context* : dict

Contexts {action_id: context} of different actions.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns *history_id* : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_action (*action_id*)

Remove action by id.

Parameters *action_id* : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id*, *rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters *history_id* : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

class striatum.bandit.UCB1 (*history_storage*, *model_storage*, *action_storage*, *recommendation_cls=None*)

Bases: striatum.bandit.bandit.BaseBandit

Upper Confidence Bound 1

Parameters *history_storage* : HistoryStorage object

The HistoryStorage object to store history context, actions and rewards.

model_storage : ModelStorage object

The ModelStorage object to store model parameters.

action_storage : ActionStorage object

The ActionStorage object to store actions.

recommendation_cls : class (default: None)

The class used to initiate the recommendations. If None, then use default Recommendation class.

References

[R10]

Attributes

history_storage

Methods

<u>add_action</u> (actions)	Add new actions (if needed).
<u>calculate_avg_reward</u> ()	Calculate average reward with respect to time.
<u>calculate_cum_reward</u> ()	Calculate cumulative reward with respect to time.
<u>get_action</u> ([context, n_actions])	Return the action to perform
<u>plot_avg_regret</u> ()	Plot average regret with respect to time.
<u>plot_avg_reward</u> ()	Plot average reward with respect to time.
<u>remove_action</u> (action_id)	Remove action by id.
<u>reward</u> (history_id, rewards)	Reward the previous action with reward.
<u>update_action</u> (action)	Update action.

add_action (actions)

Add new actions (if needed).

Parameters **actions** : iterable

A list of Action objects for recommendation

get_action (context=None, n_actions=None)

Return the action to perform

Parameters **context** : {array-like, None}

The context of current state, None if no context available.

n_actions: int (default: None)

Number of actions wanted to recommend users. If None, only return one action. If -1, get all actions.

Returns **history_id** : int

The history id of the action.

recommendations : list of dict

Each dict contains {Action object, estimated_reward, uncertainty}.

remove_id (action_id)

Remove action by id.

Parameters **action_id** : int

The id of the action to remove.

reward (*history_id*, *rewards*)

Reward the previous action with reward.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the action to reward.

rewards : dictionary

The dictionary {action_id, reward}, where reward is a float.

1.2 striatum.storage package

1.2.1 Submodules

1.2.2 striatum.storage.model module

Model storage

class `striatum.storage.model.MemoryModelStorage`

Bases: `striatum.storage.model.ModelStorage`

Store the model in memory.

Methods

<code>get_model()</code>
<code>save_model(model)</code>

get_model ()

save_model (*model*)

class `striatum.storage.model.ModelStorage`

Bases: object

The object to store the model.

Methods

<code>get_model()</code>	Get model
<code>save_model()</code>	Save model

get_model ()

Get model

save_model ()

Save model

1.2.3 striatum.storage.history module

History storage

class `striatum.storage.history.History` (*history_id, context, recommendations, created_at, rewarded_at=None*)

Bases: `object`

action/reward history entry.

Parameters `history_id` : `int`

context : {dict of list of float, `None`}

recommendations : {`Recommendation`, list of `Recommendation`}

created_at : `datetime`

rewards : {float, dict of float, `None`}

rewarded_at : {`datetime`, `None`}

Attributes

rewards

Methods

update_reward(`rewards, rewarded_at`) Update `reward_time` and `rewards`.

`rewards`

update_reward (*rewards, rewarded_at*)

Update `reward_time` and `rewards`.

Parameters `rewards` : {float, dict of float, `None`}

rewarded_at : {`datetime`, `None`}

class `striatum.storage.history.HistoryStorage`

Bases: `object`

The object to store the history of context, recommendations and rewards.

Methods

add_history(`context, recommendations[, rewards]`) Add a history record.

add_reward(`history_id, rewards`) Add reward to a history record.

get_history(`history_id`) Get the previous context, recommendations and rewards with `history_id`.

get_unrewarded_history(`history_id`) Get the previous unrewarded context, recommendations and rewards with `history_id`.

add_history (*context, recommendations, rewards=None*)

Add a history record.

Parameters `context` : {dict of list of float, `None`}

recommendations : {Recommendation, list of Recommendation}

rewards : {float, dict of float, None}

add_reward (*history_id*, *rewards*)

Add reward to a history record.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the history record to retrieve.

rewards : {float, dict of float, None}

get_history (*history_id*)

Get the previous context, recommendations and rewards with history_id.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the history record to retrieve.

Returns history: History

get_unrewarded_history (*history_id*)

Get the previous unrewarded context, recommendations and rewards with history_id.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the history record to retrieve.

Returns history: History

class striatum.storage.history.**MemoryHistoryStorage**

Bases: *striatum.storage.history.HistoryStorage*

HistoryStorage that store History objects in memory.

Methods

<i>add_history</i> (context, recommendations[, rewards])	Add a history record.
<i>add_reward</i> (history_id, rewards)	Add reward to a history record.
<i>get_history</i> (history_id)	Get the previous context, recommendations and rewards with history_id.
<i>get_unrewarded_history</i> (history_id)	Get the previous unrewarded context, recommendations and rewards with h

add_history (*context*, *recommendations*, *rewards=None*)

Add a history record.

Parameters **context** : {dict of list of float, None}

recommendations : {Recommendation, list of Recommendation}

rewards : {float, dict of float, None}

add_reward (*history_id*, *rewards*)

Add reward to a history record.

Parameters **history_id** : int

The history id of the history record to retrieve.

rewards : {float, dict of float, None}

get_history (*history_id*)

Get the previous context, recommendations and rewards with history_id.

Parameters `history_id` : int

The history id of the history record to retrieve.

Returns history: History

get_unrewarded_history (*history_id*)

Get the previous unrewarded context, recommendations and rewards with history_id.

Parameters `history_id` : int

The history id of the history record to retrieve.

Returns history: History

1.2.4 Module contents

Storage classes

Gallery of Examples

2.1 General examples

General-purpose and introductory examples from the sphinx-gallery

2.1.1 prerprocess MovieLens dataset

In this script, we pre-process the MovieLens 10M Dataset to get the right format of contextual bandit algorithms. This data set is released by GroupLens at 1/2009. Please first download the dataset from <http://grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/>, then unzipped the file 'ml-1m.zip' to the examples folder.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import itertools

def movie_preprocessing(movie):
    movie_col = list(movie.columns)
    movie_tag = [doc.split('|') for doc in movie['tag']]
    tag_table = {token: idx for idx, token in enumerate(set(itertools.chain.from_iterable(movie_tag)))}
    movie_tag = pd.DataFrame(movie_tag)
    tag_table = pd.DataFrame(tag_table.items())
    tag_table.columns = ['Tag', 'Index']

    # use one-hot encoding for movie genres (here called tag)
    tag_dummy = np.zeros([len(movie), len(tag_table)])

    for i in range(len(movie)):
        for j in range(len(tag_table)):
            if tag_table['Tag'][j] in list(movie_tag.iloc[i, :]):
                tag_dummy[i, j] = 1

    # combine the tag_dummy one-hot encoding table to original movie files
    movie = pd.concat([movie, pd.DataFrame(tag_dummy)], 1)
    movie_col.extend(['tag' + str(i) for i in range(len(tag_table))])
    movie.columns = movie_col
    movie = movie.drop('tag', 1)
    return movie

def feature_extraction(data):
```

```

# actions: we use top 50 movies as our actions for recommendations
actions = data.groupby('movie_id').size().sort_values(ascending=False)[:50]
actions = list(actions.index)

# user_feature: tags they've watched for non-top-50 movies normalized per user
user_feature = data[~data['movie_id'].isin(actions)]
user_feature = user_feature.groupby('user_id').aggregate(np.sum)
user_feature = user_feature.drop(['movie_id', 'rating', 'timestamp'], 1)
user_feature = user_feature.div(user_feature.sum(axis=1), axis=0)

# streaming_batch: the result for testing bandit algorithms
top50_data = data[data['movie_id'].isin(actions)]
top50_data = top50_data.sort('timestamp', ascending=1)
streaming_batch = top50_data['user_id']

# reward_list: if rating >=3, the user will watch the movie
top50_data['reward'] = np.where(top50_data['rating'] >= 3, 1, 0)
reward_list = top50_data[['user_id', 'movie_id', 'reward']]
reward_list = reward_list[reward_list['reward'] == 1]
return streaming_batch, user_feature, actions, reward_list

def main():
    # read and preprocess the movie data
    movie = pd.read_table('movies.dat', sep='::', names=['movie_id', 'movie_name', 'tag'], engine='python')
    movie = movie_preprocessing(movie)

    # read the ratings data and merge it with movie data
    rating = pd.read_table("ratings.dat", sep="::",
                           names=["user_id", "movie_id", "rating", "timestamp"], engine='python')
    data = pd.merge(rating, movie, on="movie_id")

    # extract feature from our data set
    streaming_batch, user_feature, actions, reward_list = feature_extraction(data)
    streaming_batch.to_csv("streaming_batch.csv", sep='\t', index=False)
    user_feature.to_csv("user_feature.csv", sep='\t')
    pd.DataFrame(actions, columns=['movie_id']).to_csv("actions.csv", sep='\t', index=False)
    reward_list.to_csv("reward_list.csv", sep='\t', index=False)

    action_context = movie[movie['movie_id'].isin(actions)]
    action_context.to_csv("action_context.csv", sep='\t', index = False)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Total running time of the script: (0 minutes 0.000 seconds)

Download Python source code: [movielens_preprocess.py](#)

Download Jupyter notebook: [movielens_preprocess.ipynb](#)

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2.1.2 Contextual bandit on MovieLens

The script uses real-world data to conduct contextual bandit experiments. Here we use MovieLens 10M Dataset, which is released by GroupLens at 1/2009. Please first pre-process datasets (use “[movielens_preprocess.py](#)”), and then you can run this example.

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from striatum.storage import history
from striatum.storage import model
from striatum.bandit import ucb1
from striatum.bandit import linucb
from striatum.bandit import linthompsamp
from striatum.bandit import exp4p
from striatum.bandit import exp3
from striatum.bandit.bandit import Action
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier

def get_data():
    streaming_batch = pd.read_csv('streaming_batch.csv', sep='\t', names=['user_id'], engine='c')
    user_feature = pd.read_csv('user_feature.csv', sep='\t', header=0, index_col=0, engine='c')
    actions_id = list(pd.read_csv('actions.csv', sep='\t', header=0, engine='c')['movie_id'])
    reward_list = pd.read_csv('reward_list.csv', sep='\t', header=0, engine='c')
    action_context = pd.read_csv('action_context.csv', sep='\t', header=0, engine='c')

    actions = []
    for key in actions_id:
        action = Action(key)
        actions.append(action)
    return streaming_batch, user_feature, actions, reward_list, action_context

def train_expert(action_context):
    logreg = OneVsRestClassifier(LogisticRegression())
    mnb = OneVsRestClassifier(MultinomialNB(), )
    logreg.fit(action_context.iloc[:, 2:], action_context.iloc[:, 1])
    mnb.fit(action_context.iloc[:, 2:], action_context.iloc[:, 1])
    return [logreg, mnb]

def get_advice(context, actions_id, experts):
    advice = {}
    for time in context.keys():
        advice[time] = {}
        for i in range(len(experts)):
            prob = experts[i].predict_proba(context[time])[0]
            advice[time][i] = {}
            for j in range(len(prob)):
                advice[time][i][actions_id[j]] = prob[j]
    return advice

def policy_generation(bandit, actions):
    historystorage = history.MemoryHistoryStorage()
    modelstorage = model.MemoryModelStorage()

    if bandit == 'Exp4P':
        policy = exp4p.Exp4P(actions, historystorage, modelstorage, delta=0.5, pmin=None)

    elif bandit == 'LinUCB':

```

```

    policy = linucb.LinUCB(actions, historystorage, modelstorage, 0.3, 20)

    elif bandit == 'LinThompSamp':
        policy = linthompsamp.LinThompSamp(actions, historystorage, modelstorage,
                                            d=20, delta=0.61, r=0.01, epsilon=0.71)

    elif bandit == 'UCB1':
        policy = ucbl.UCB1(actions, historystorage, modelstorage)

    elif bandit == 'Exp3':
        policy = exp3.Exp3(actions, historystorage, modelstorage, gamma=0.2)

    elif bandit == 'random':
        policy = 0

    return policy

def policy_evaluation(policy, bandit, streaming_batch, user_feature, reward_list, actions, action_context):
    times = len(streaming_batch)
    seq_error = np.zeros(shape=(times, 1))
    actions_id = [actions[i].action_id for i in range(len(actions))]
    if bandit in ['LinUCB', 'LinThompSamp', 'UCB1', 'Exp3']:
        for t in range(times):
            feature = np.array(user_feature[user_feature.index == streaming_batch.iloc[t, 0]][0])
            full_context = {}
            for action_id in actions_id:
                full_context[action_id] = feature
            history_id, action = policy.get_action(full_context, 1)
            watched_list = reward_list[reward_list['user_id'] == streaming_batch.iloc[t, 0]]

            if action[0]['action'].action_id not in list(watched_list['movie_id']):
                policy.reward(history_id, {action[0]['action'].action_id: 0.0})
                if t == 0:
                    seq_error[t] = 1.0
                else:
                    seq_error[t] = seq_error[t - 1] + 1.0

            else:
                policy.reward(history_id, {action[0]['action'].action_id: 1.0})
                if t > 0:
                    seq_error[t] = seq_error[t - 1]

    elif bandit == 'Exp4P':
        for t in range(times):
            feature = user_feature[user_feature.index == streaming_batch.iloc[t, 0]]
            experts = train_expert(action_context)
            advice = {}
            for i in range(len(experts)):
                prob = experts[i].predict_proba(feature)[0]
                advice[i] = {}
                for j in range(len(prob)):
                    advice[i][actions_id[j]] = prob[j]
            history_id, action = policy.get_action(advice)
            watched_list = reward_list[reward_list['user_id'] == streaming_batch.iloc[t, 0]]

            if action[0]['action'].action_id not in list(watched_list['movie_id']):
                policy.reward(history_id, {action[0]['action'].action_id: 0.0})

```

```

        if t == 0:
            seq_error[t] = 1.0
        else:
            seq_error[t] = seq_error[t - 1] + 1.0

    else:
        policy.reward(history_id, {action[0]['action'].action_id: 1.0})
        if t > 0:
            seq_error[t] = seq_error[t - 1]

elif bandit == 'random':
    for t in range(times):
        action = actions_id[np.random.randint(0, len(actions)-1)]
        watched_list = reward_list[reward_list['user_id'] == streaming_batch.iloc[t, 0]]

        if action not in list(watched_list['movie_id']):
            if t == 0:
                seq_error[t] = 1.0
            else:
                seq_error[t] = seq_error[t - 1] + 1.0

        else:
            if t > 0:
                seq_error[t] = seq_error[t - 1]

    return seq_error

def regret_calculation(seq_error):
    t = len(seq_error)
    regret = [x / y for x, y in zip(seq_error, range(1, t + 1))]
    return regret

def main():
    streaming_batch, user_feature, actions, reward_list, action_context = get_data()
    streaming_batch_small = streaming_batch.iloc[0:10000]

    # conduct regret analyses
    experiment_bandit = ['LinUCB', 'LinThompSamp', 'Exp4P', 'UCB1', 'Exp3', 'random']
    regret = {}
    col = ['b', 'g', 'r', 'c', 'm', 'y', 'k', 'w']
    i = 0
    for bandit in experiment_bandit:
        policy = policy_generation(bandit, actions)
        seq_error = policy_evaluation(policy, bandit, streaming_batch_small, user_feature, reward_list,
                                     actions, action_context)

        regret[bandit] = regret_calculation(seq_error)
        plt.plot(range(len(streaming_batch_small)), regret[bandit], c=col[i], ls='-', label=bandit)
        plt.xlabel('time')
        plt.ylabel('regret')
        plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc=2, borderaxespad=0.)
        axes = plt.gca()
        axes.set_ylim([0, 1])
        plt.title("Regret Bound with respect to T")
        i += 1
    plt.show()

```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    main()
```

Total running time of the script: (0 minutes 0.000 seconds)

Download Python source code: `movielens_bandit.py`

Download Jupyter notebook: `movielens_bandit.ipynb`

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Download all examples in Python source code: `auto_examples_python.zip`

Download all examples in Jupyter notebooks: `auto_examples_jupyter.zip`

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- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`

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S

`striatum.bandit`, [11](#)
`striatum.bandit.exp3`, [3](#)
`striatum.bandit.exp4p`, [5](#)
`striatum.bandit.linthompsamp`, [6](#)
`striatum.bandit.linucb`, [8](#)
`striatum.bandit.ucb1`, [10](#)
`striatum.storage`, [22](#)
`striatum.storage.history`, [20](#)
`striatum.storage.model`, [19](#)

A

[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.Exp3 method), 12
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.exp3.Exp3 method), 4
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.LinThompSamp method), 15
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.linthomsamp.LinThompSamp method), 7
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.LinUCB method), 17
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.linucb.LinUCB method), 9
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.UCB1 method), 18
[add_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.ucb1.UCB1 method), 10
[add_history\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.HistoryStorage method), 20
[add_history\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.MemoryHistoryStorage method), 21
[add_reward\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.HistoryStorage method), 21
[add_reward\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.MemoryHistoryStorage method), 21

E

[Exp3](#) (class in striatum.bandit), 11
[Exp3](#) (class in striatum.bandit.exp3), 3
[Exp4P](#) (class in striatum.bandit), 13
[Exp4P](#) (class in striatum.bandit.exp4p), 5

G

[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.Exp3 method), 12
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.exp3.Exp3 method), 4
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.Exp4P method), 14
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.exp4p.Exp4P method), 5
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.LinThompSamp method), 15
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.linthomsamp.LinThompSamp method), 7
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.LinUCB method), 17
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.linucb.LinUCB method), 9
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.UCB1 method), 18
[get_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.ucb1.UCB1 method), 10

[get_history\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.HistoryStorage method), 21
[get_history\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.MemoryHistoryStorage method), 21
[get_model\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.model.MemoryModelStorage method), 19
[get_model\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.model.ModelStorage method), 19
[get_unrewarded_history\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.HistoryStorage method), 21
[get_unrewarded_history\(\)](#) (striatum.storage.history.MemoryHistoryStorage method), 22

H

[History](#) (class in striatum.storage.history), 20
[HistoryStorage](#) (class in striatum.storage.history), 20

L

[LinThompSamp](#) (class in striatum.bandit), 14
[LinThompSamp](#) (class in striatum.bandit.linthomsamp), 6
[LinUCB](#) (class in striatum.bandit), 16
[LinUCB](#) (class in striatum.bandit.linucb), 8

M

[MemoryHistoryStorage](#) (class in striatum.storage.history), 21
[MemoryModelStorage](#) (class in striatum.storage.model), 19
[ModelStorage](#) (class in striatum.storage.model), 19

R

[remove_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.Exp3 method), 12
[remove_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.exp3.Exp3 method), 4
[remove_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.LinThompSamp method), 15
[remove_action\(\)](#) (striatum.bandit.linthomsamp.LinThompSamp method), 7

`remove_action()` (striatum.bandit.LinUCB method), 17
`remove_action()` (striatum.bandit.linucb.LinUCB method), 9
`remove_action()` (striatum.bandit.UCB1 method), 18
`remove_action()` (striatum.bandit.ucb1.UCB1 method), 11
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.Exp3 method), 13
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.exp3.Exp3 method), 4
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.Exp4P method), 14
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.exp4p.Exp4P method), 6
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.LinThompSamp method), 15
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.linthomsamp.LinThompSamp method), 8
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.LinUCB method), 17
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.linucb.LinUCB method), 9
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.UCB1 method), 19
`reward()` (striatum.bandit.ucb1.UCB1 method), 11
`rewards` (striatum.storage.history.History attribute), 20

S

`save_model()` (striatum.storage.model.MemoryModelStorage method), 19
`save_model()` (striatum.storage.model.ModelStorage method), 19
`striatum.bandit` (module), 11
`striatum.bandit.exp3` (module), 3
`striatum.bandit.exp4p` (module), 5
`striatum.bandit.linthomsamp` (module), 6
`striatum.bandit.linucb` (module), 8
`striatum.bandit.ucb1` (module), 10
`striatum.storage` (module), 22
`striatum.storage.history` (module), 20
`striatum.storage.model` (module), 19

U

`UCB1` (class in striatum.bandit), 17
`UCB1` (class in striatum.bandit.ucb1), 10
`update_reward()` (striatum.storage.history.History method), 20